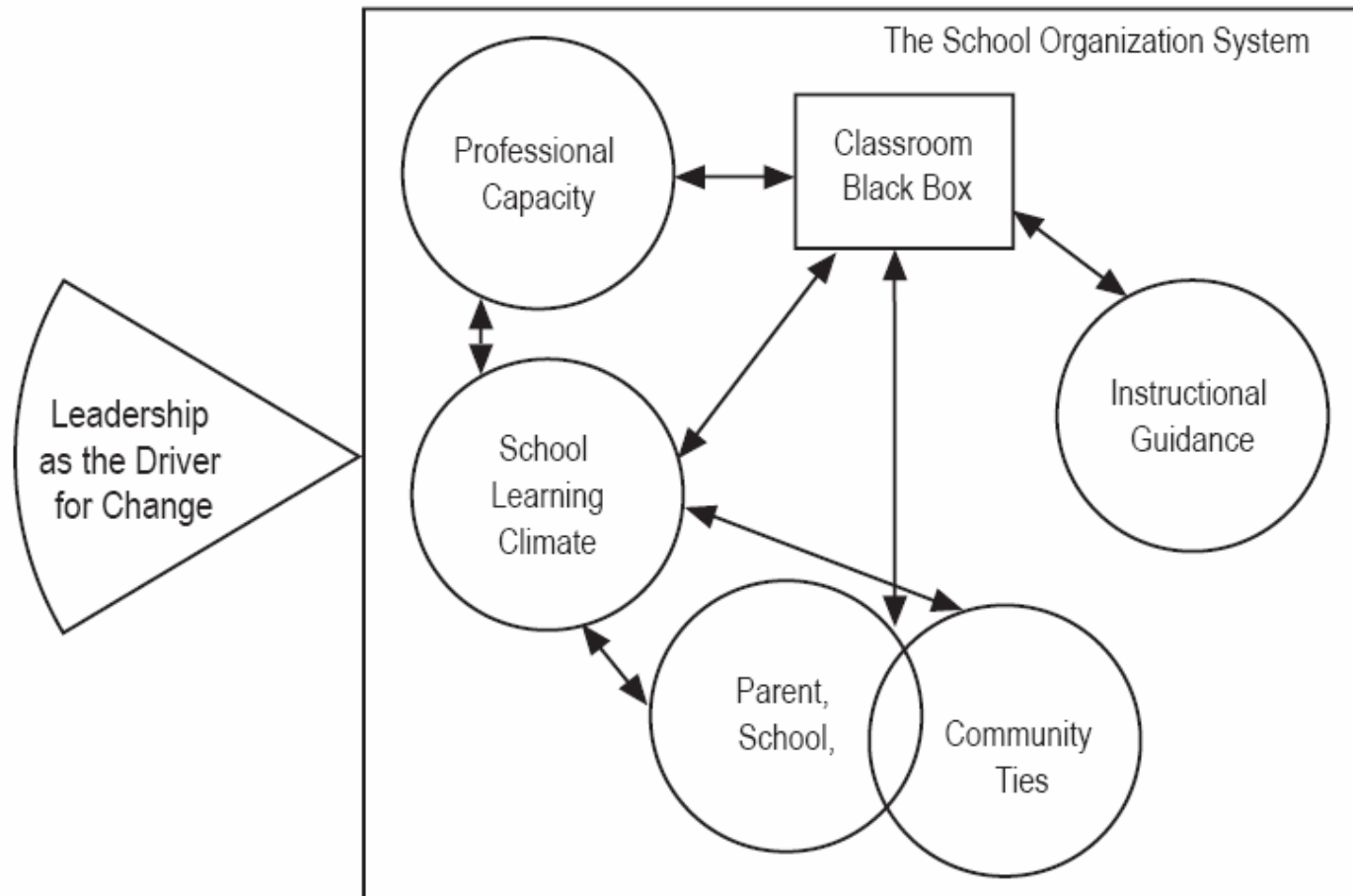


Organizing Schools for Improvement: Lessons from Chicago

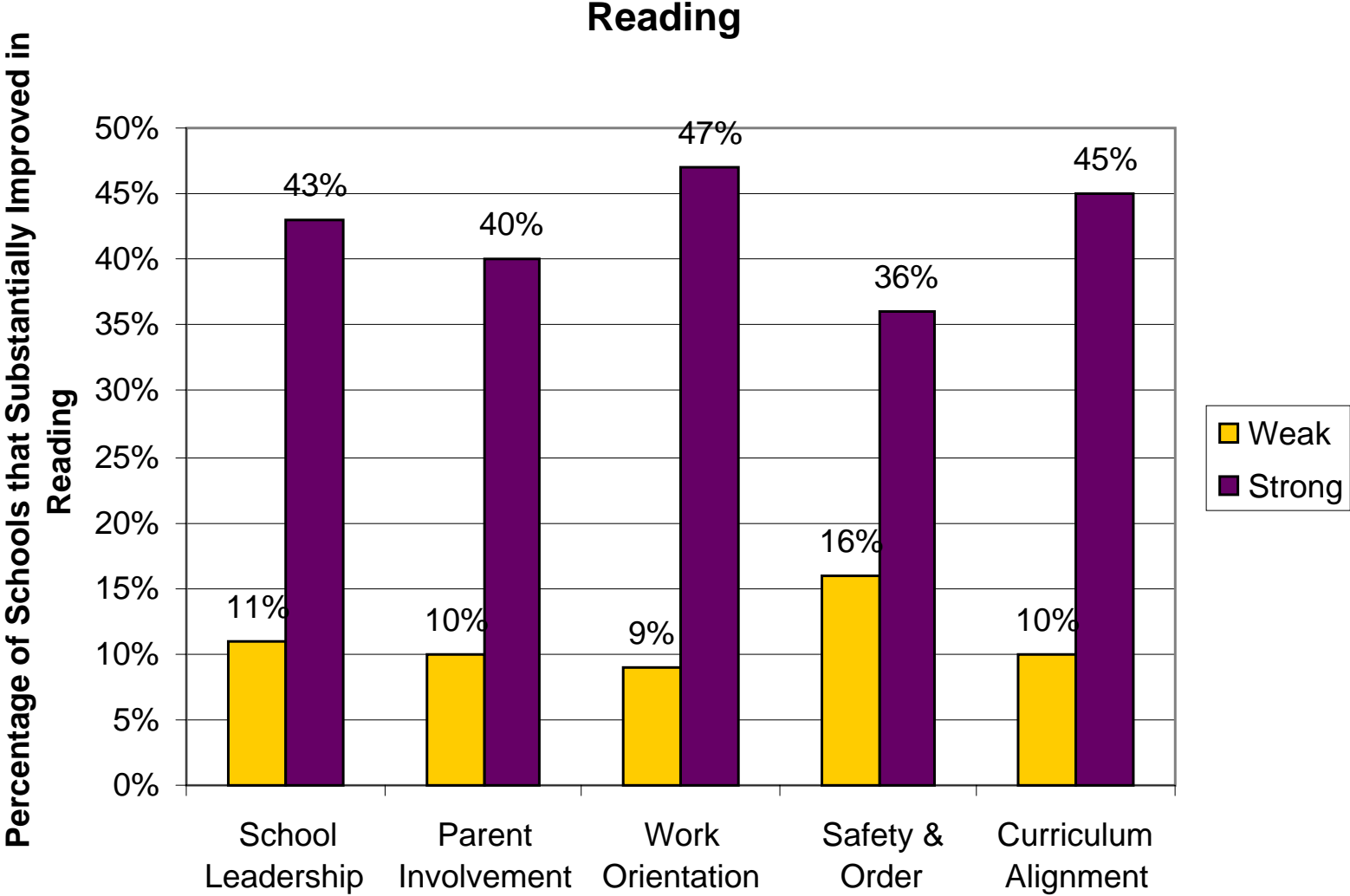
Presented by: Anthony S. Bryk, Penny Bender Sebring,
Elaine Allensworth and Stuart Luppescu

Gleacher Center, Chicago, January 14, 2010

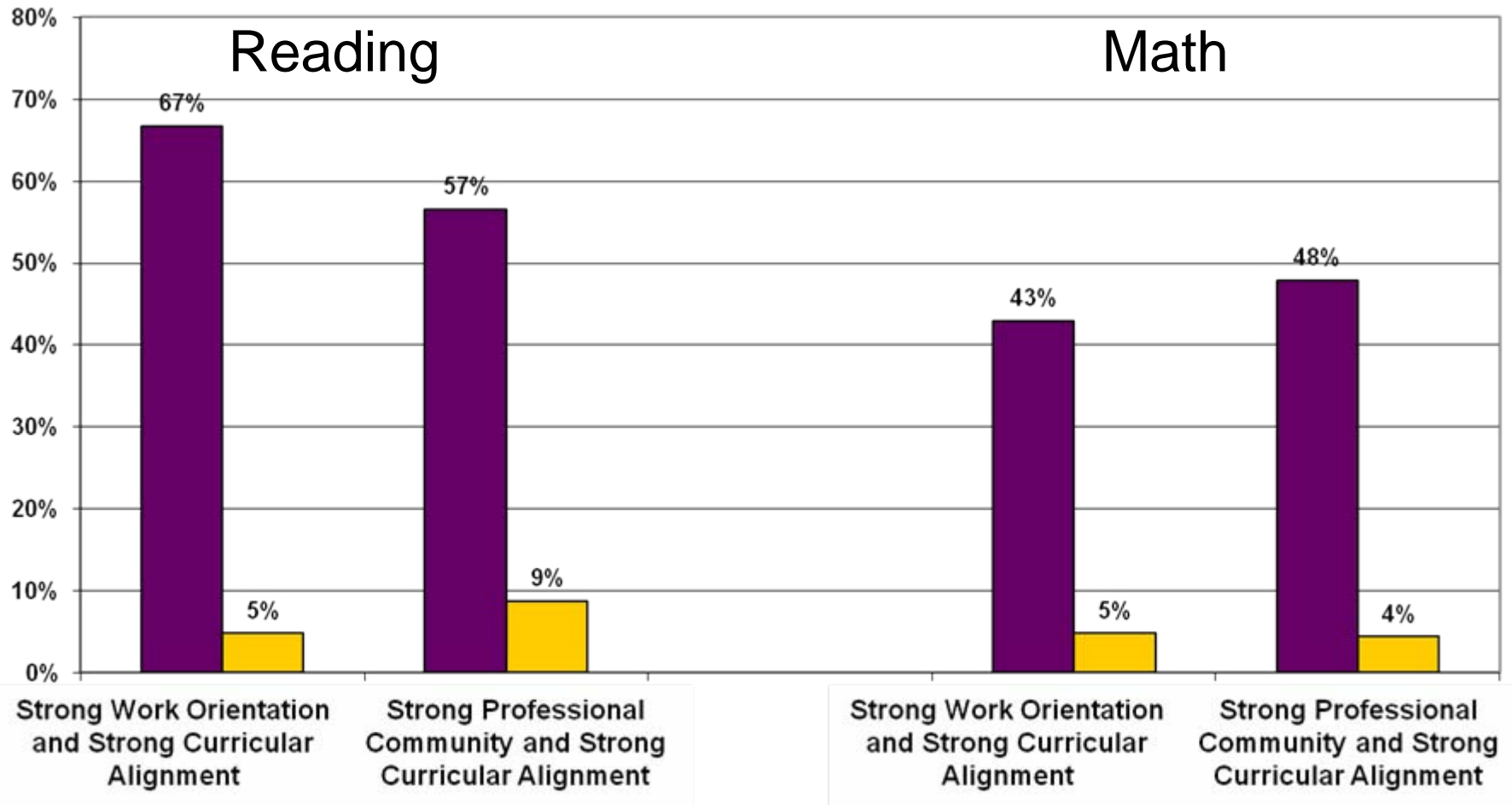
A Framework of Essential Supports



Likelihood of Substantial Improvement, Given Weak or Strong Supports



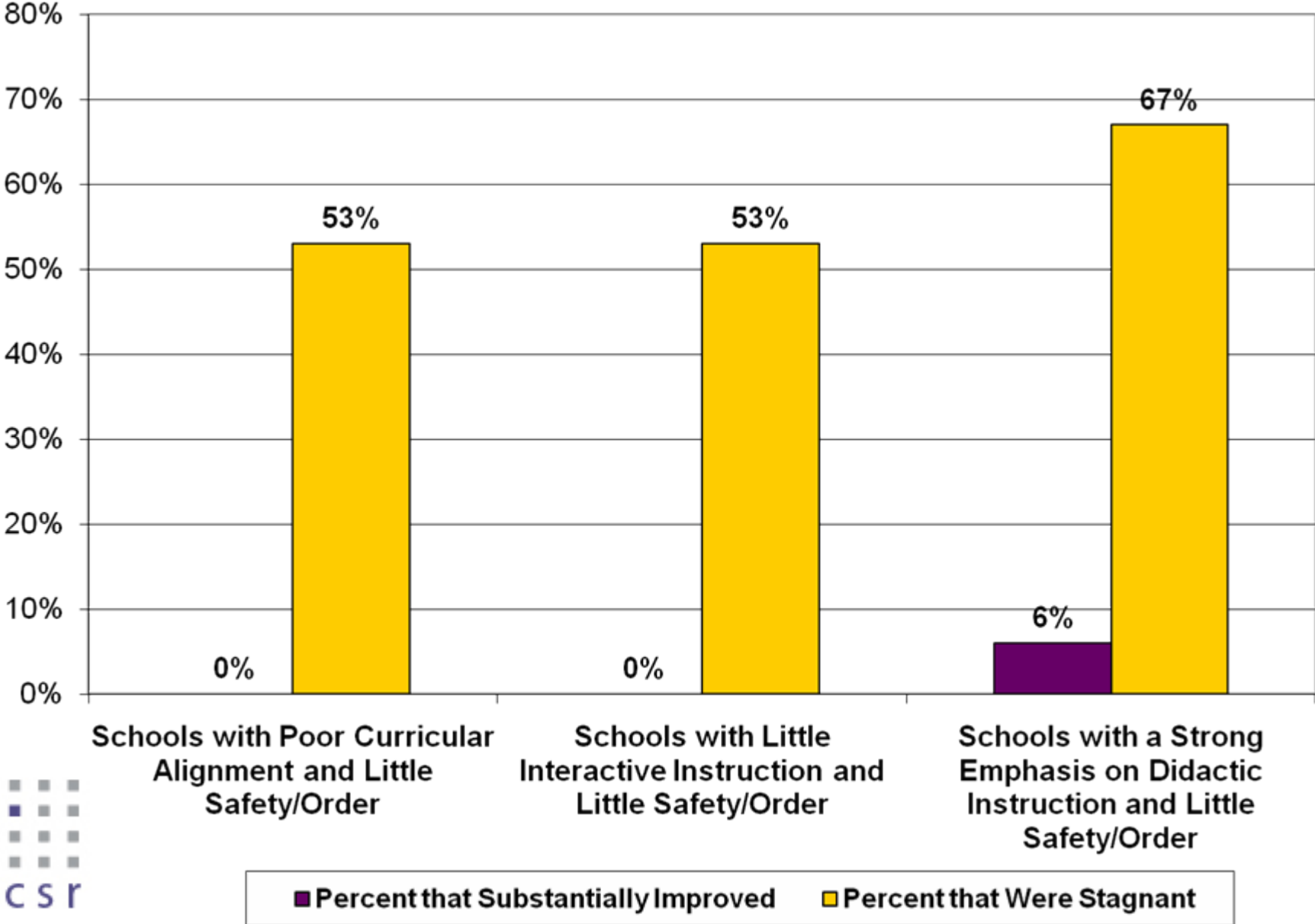
Schools with strong teacher cooperative relationships focused on curricular alignment were very likely to show substantial academic improvements



■ Percent that Substantially Improved

■ Percent that Were Stagnant

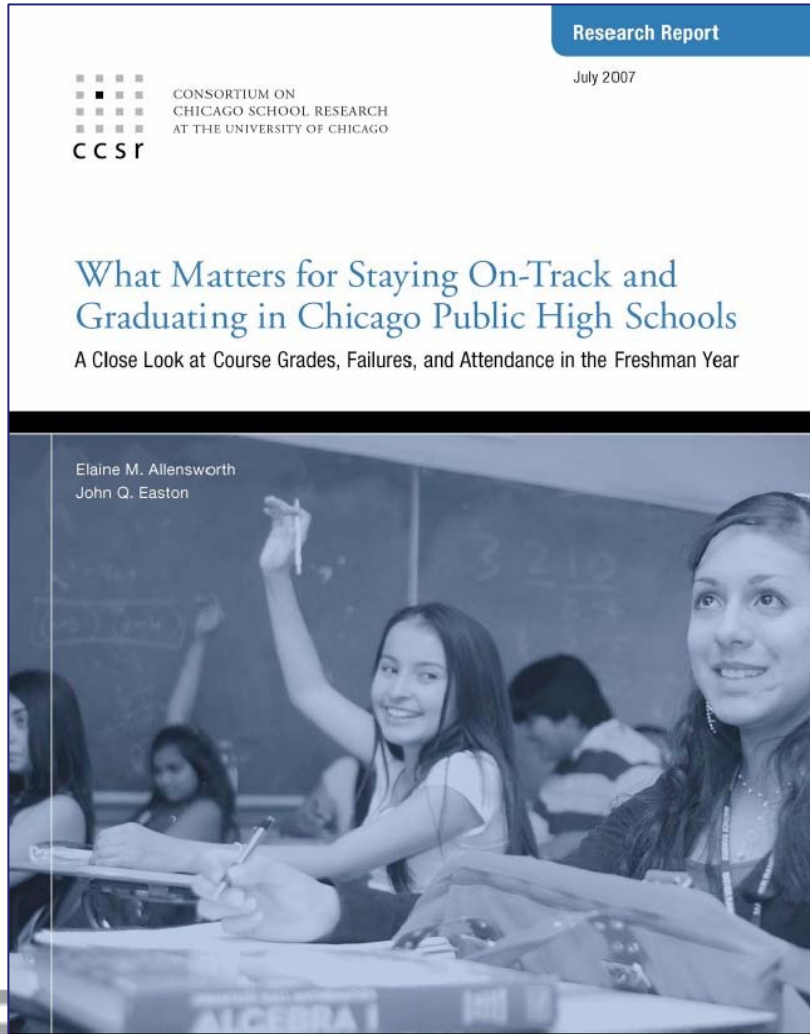
Schools did not improve attendance if their learning climate was unsafe/disorderly and instruction was weak



Relationships of Essential Supports with Improvements in Value-Added, 1997-2005

Essential Support	Effect of strength in base year	Effect of improvement
School leadership		
Instructional leadership	.18***	.10**
Program coherence	.15***	.10**
Parent community ties		
Parent involvement in the school	.34***	.14***
Professional capacity		
Reflective dialogue	.03	.02
Collective responsibility	.22***	.11**
Orientation toward innovation	.21***	.08*
School commitment	.29***	.15***
Student-centered learning climate		
Safety	.43***	.17***

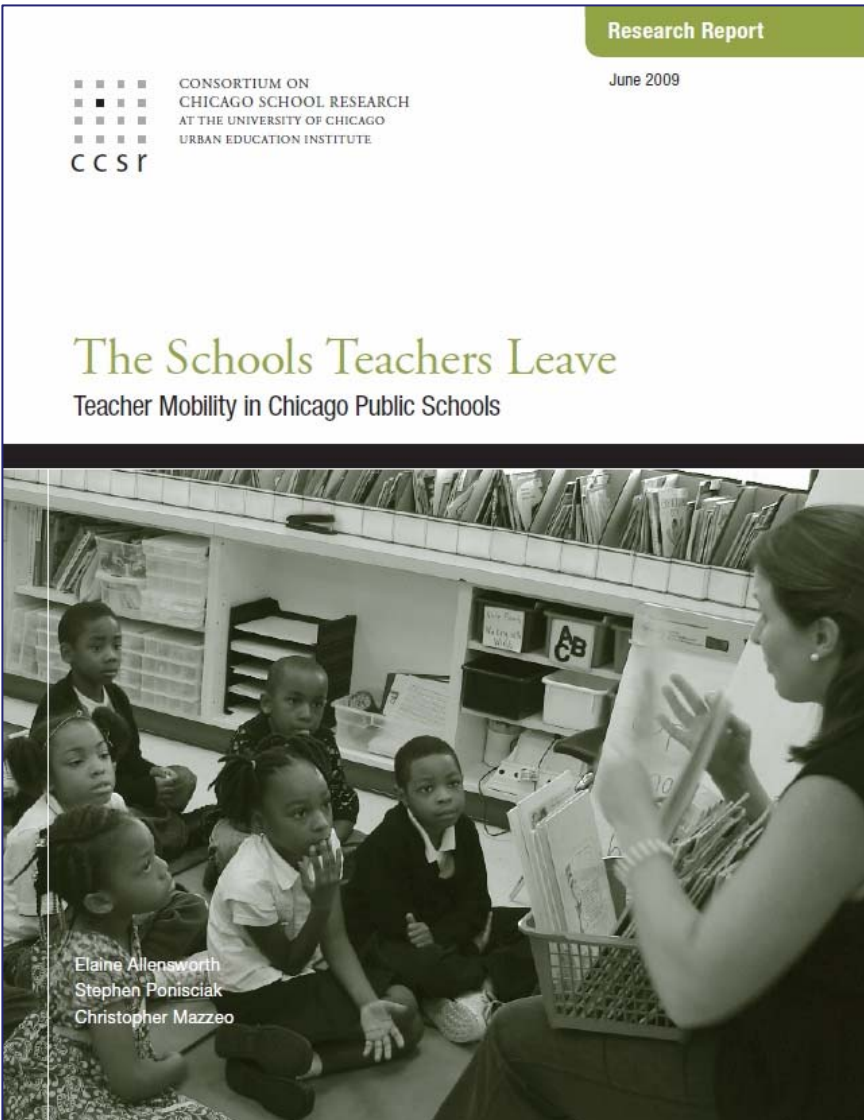
Recent CCSR Research



Attendance, grades and pass rates are higher in schools with stronger:

- Instruction
- Student-centered climates
 - Teacher-student relationships
 - Safety
- Teacher collaboration
 - Collective responsibility
 - Instructional program coherence

Recent CCSR Research



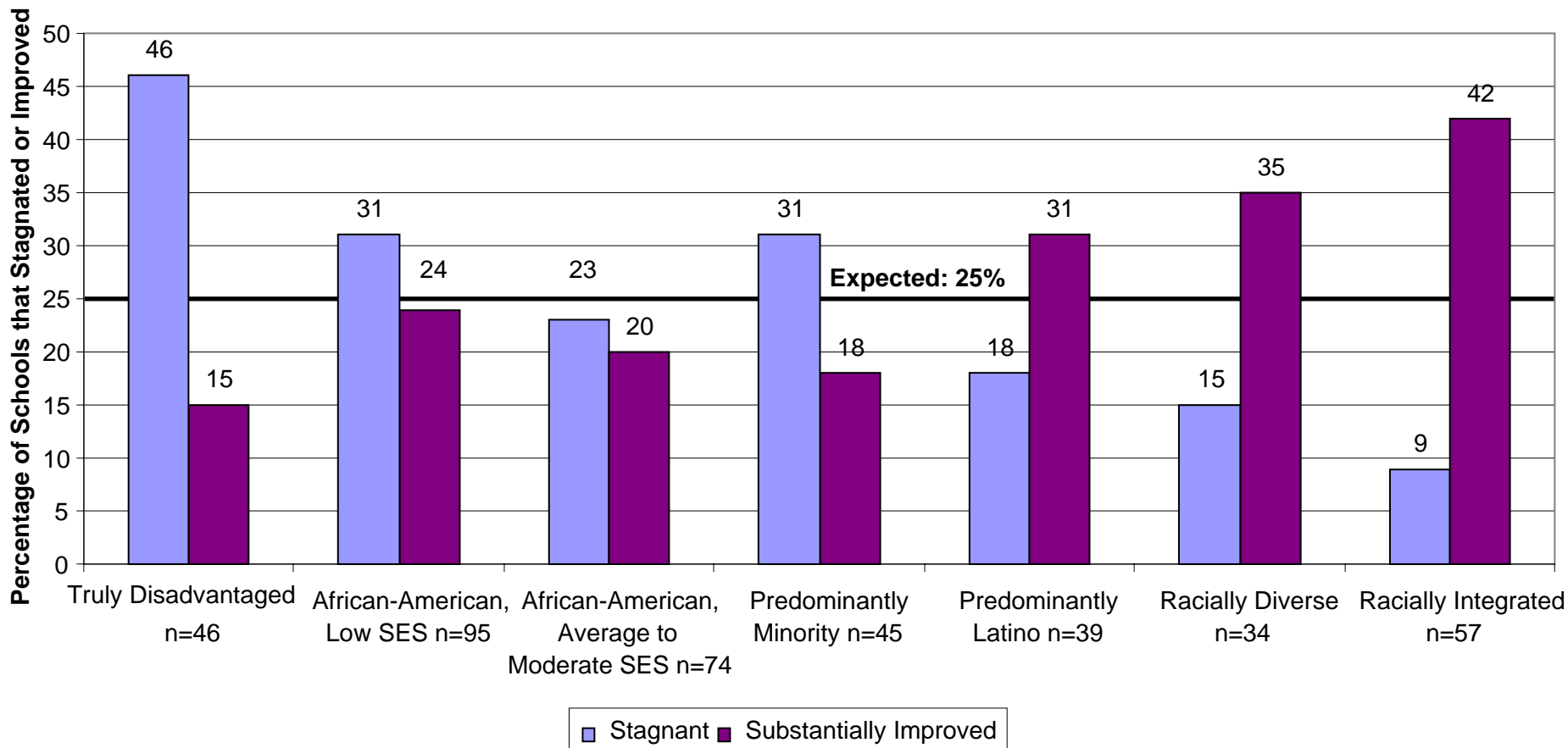
Teachers remain in schools with stronger:

- Student-centered climates
 - Safety
- Teacher collaboration
 - Collective responsibility
 - Innovation
- Parent involvement
 - Teacher-parent trust
- Leadership
 - Program coherence
 - Teacher influence
 - Instructional leadership

Classification of School Communities by Students' Racial/Ethnic and SES Composition

	Percent African American	Percent Latino	Percent White	Median Family Income
Truly Disadvantaged	100	0	0	\$9,480
African-American Low SES	99	1	0	\$19,385
African-American Moderate SES	99	1	0	\$33,313
Predominantly Minority	34	61	4	\$23,293
Predominantly Latino	3	93	4	\$23,381
Racially Diverse	21	56	17	\$33,156
Racially Integrated	14	35	40	\$37,350

Stagnation or Substantial Improvement in Reading by Race/Ethnicity and Socioeconomic Status of Students and Their Communities



Data on Community Characteristics

Bonding Social Capital

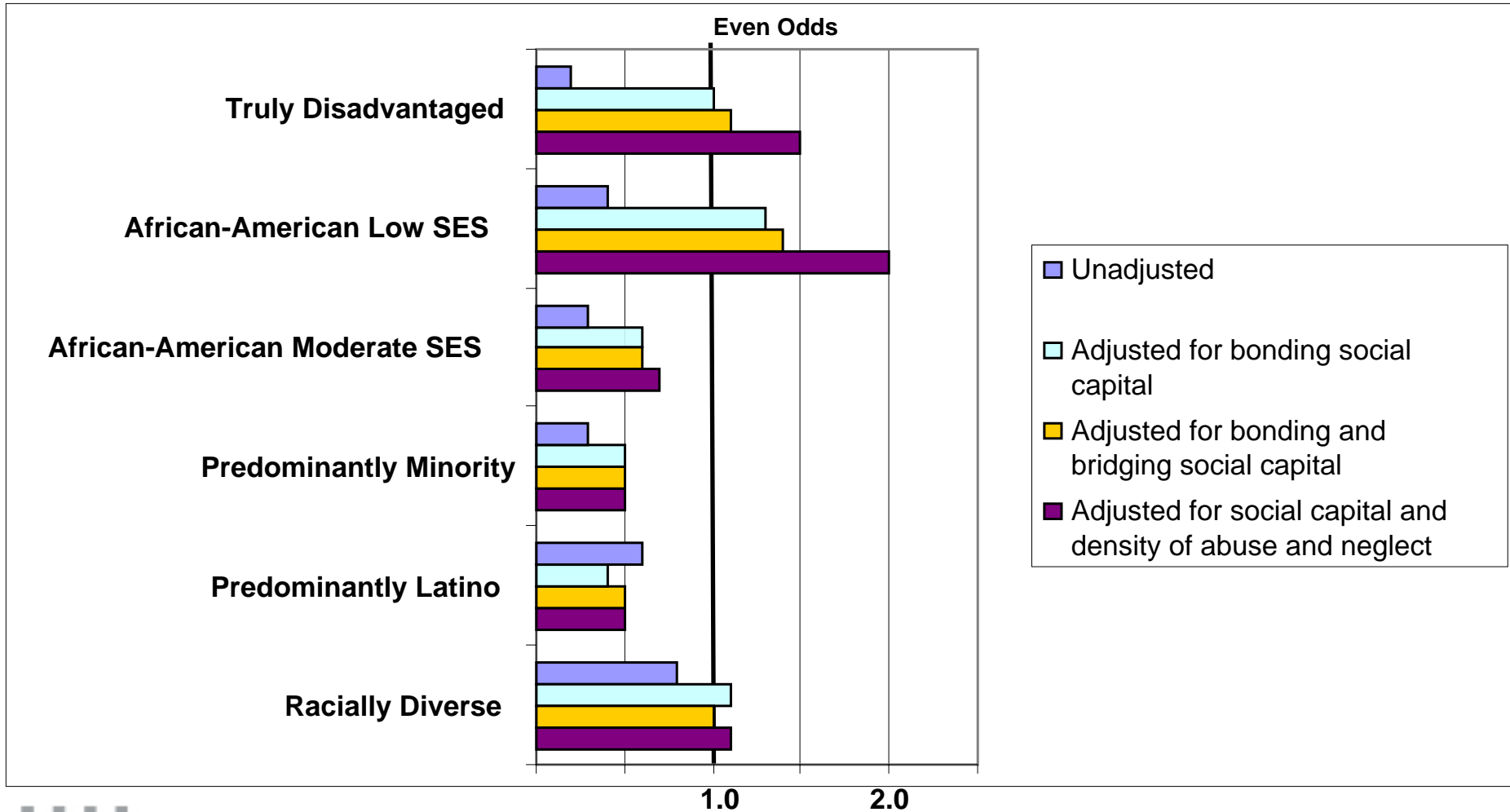
- Collective Efficacy
- Religious Participation
- Crime statistics for school neighborhood and students' neighborhoods

Bridging Social Capital

- Contacts with people in other neighborhoods

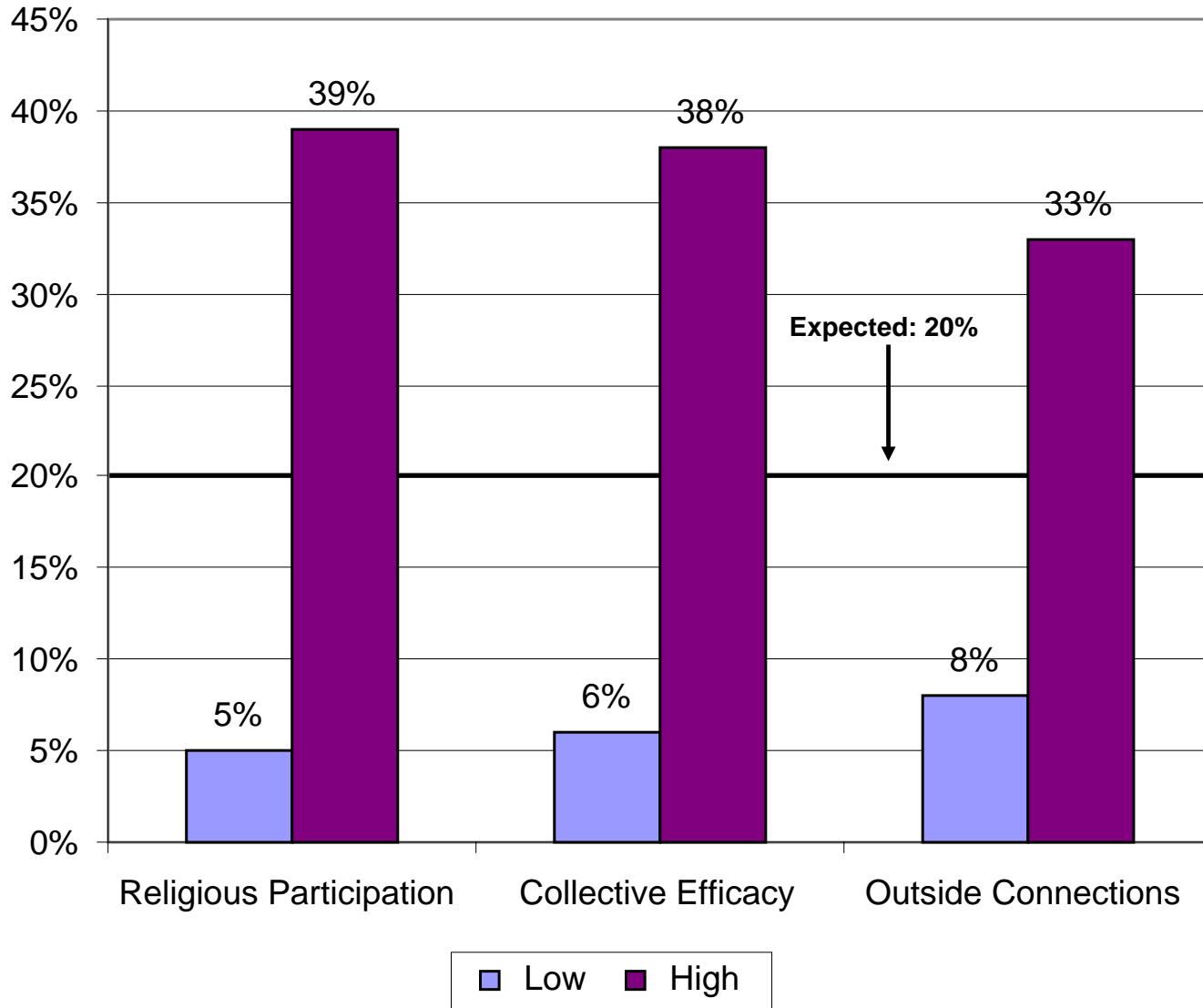
Percent of Students Who Were Abused or Neglected

Odds of Substantial Improvement in Reading Compared to Integrated Schools, Unadjusted and Adjusted

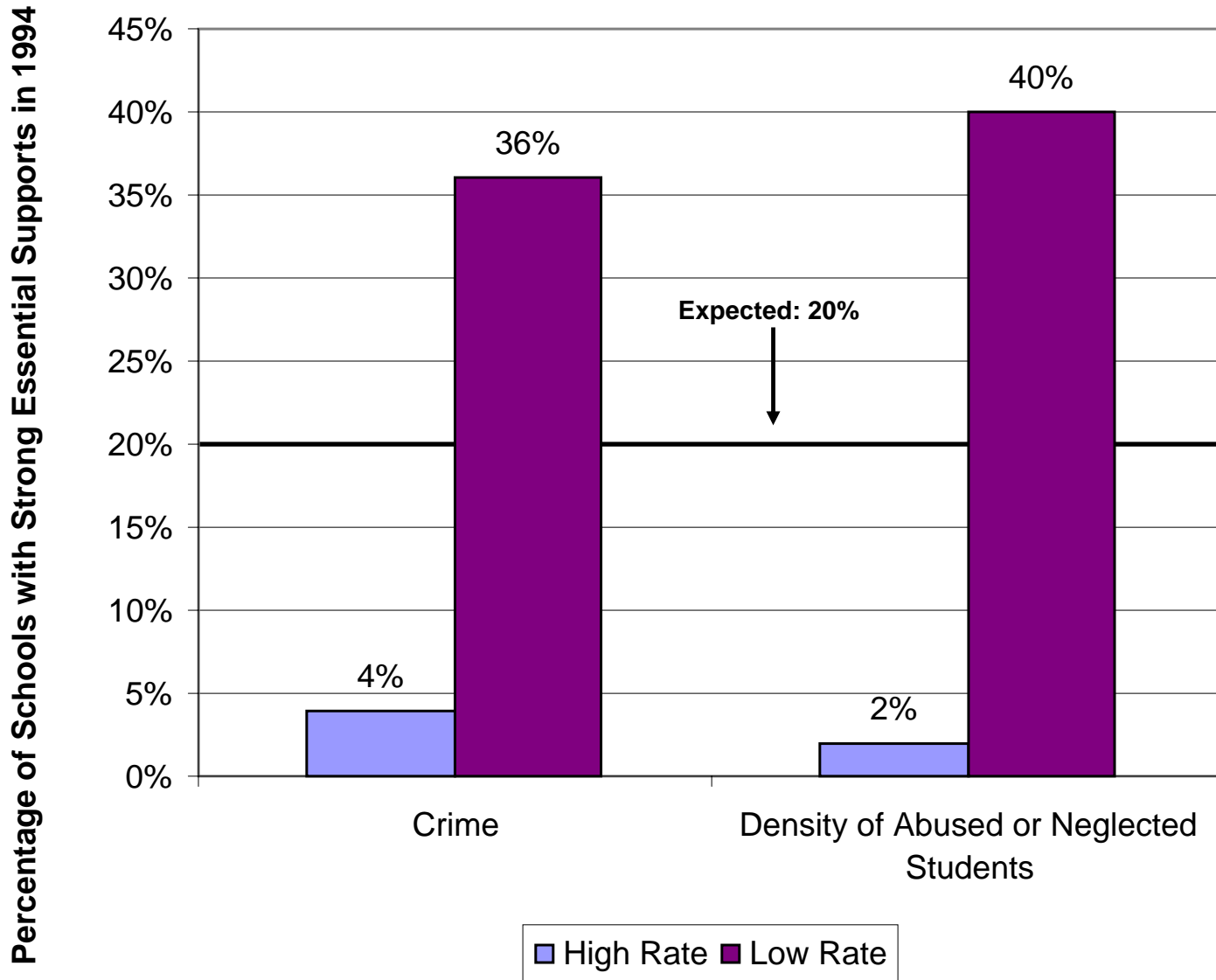


Influence of Bonding and Bridging Social Capital on Essential Supports

Percentage of Schools with Strong Essential Supports in 1994



Influence of Crime and Abuse and Neglect on Essential Supports



For more information....

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